

Atlantic white-cedar *Cupressaceae Chamaecyparis thyoides*

(L.) Britton, Sterns & Poggenb.  symbol: CHTH2

vTree

Leaf: Evergreen and scaly, 1/16 to 1/8 inch long, blue-green with white margins. Glandular on the back. Lateral pairs have pointed, spreading tips. Facial pairs are closely pressed. Very aromatic when crushed.

Flower: Species is monoecious; male flowers are red to yellow and very small; female flowers are small and green; appearing in spring.

Fruit: Cones are 1/4 inch in diameter, blue or purple and glaucous, usually with 4 or 5 scales, maturing in fall.

Twig: Covered in tight green scales, turning brown.

Bark: Thin and fibrous, somewhat peeling, ashy gray to red-brown.

Form: When young, grows as a slender column, eventually spire-like. Branchlets are slender and irregularly arranged (not as flattened sprays).

Looks like: [Sawara-cedar](#) - [Hinoki falsecypress](#) - [northern white-cedar](#) - [Leyland cypress](#)



Additional Range Information:
Chamaecyparis thyoides is native to North America. Range may be expanded by planting. [See states reporting Atlantic white-cedar.](#)

External Links:
[USDAFS Silvics of North America](#)
[USDAFS Additional Silvics](#)
[USDA Plants Database](#)

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